

Model 8068 Gas Leak Detector



Instrument User Manual

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Statements

Safety

Please read this manual in full before using the 8068 instrument. MATHESON takes no responsibility for damage, injury or death resulting from misuse, misunderstanding or negligence while using this gas detector. Please contact MATHESON for clarification on any aspect of this manual that is not understood or for additional information required.

This instrument should only be used by qualified or competent persons with suitable knowledge of the hazards relating to the gases contained within equipment or in the local environment.

Quality Assurance

8068 instruments are manufactured in compliance with ISO9001, which ensures that the equipment supplied to the customer has been designed and assembled reproducibly from traceable components, calibrated to traceable standards.

Responsibility of Use

Many gases are hazardous and can cause explosion, poisoning and corrosion resulting in damage to property and life. It is the responsibility of the person using this instrument to ensure it is being used in accordance with this manual and that the instrument is functioning correctly before use.

The 8068 can detect a large range of gases but some gases are more difficult to detect. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure the 8068 instrument has the sensitivity to detect the required gas before reaching potentially dangerous levels.

Inadequate performance of the gas detection equipment described in this manual may not necessarily be self-evident and consequently equipment must be regularly inspected and maintained. MATHESON recommends that personnel responsible for equipment use institute a regime of regular checks to ensure it performs within calibration limits and that a record be maintained which logs calibration check data. The equipment should be used in accordance with this manual, and in compliance with local safety standards.

Disposal

Disposal of the 8068, its components, and any used batteries shall be in accordance with local and national safety and environmental requirements. This includes the European WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive.

Calibration Facility

MATHESON offers a calibration service including the issue of certification confirming calibration to NIST standards.

An 8068 Calibration Kit offers a means of checking and calibrating the instruments against a known reference, however MATHESON strongly recommend the instrument is returned to an approved service center on an annual basis for general maintenance and calibration.

Legal Notice

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Instrument Description

The 8068 is predominantly used for detecting gas leaks and can detect almost all gases to varying degrees.

The 8068 uses thermal conductivity as its means of detecting gas, which offers a robust sensor technology that requires practically no maintenance beyond annual servicing.

The 8068 has an easy-to-use graphical interface with an intuitive keypad allowing simple functionality selection and adjustment.

The 8068 has a colored LCD display, LED indicator and audible sounder that indicates the detected signal.

Common applications where the 8068 is already used include:

- Quality assurance Testing seal integrity after product manufacture
- Laboratory applications Detection of leaks from mass spectrometers and chromatograph equipment
- Industrial Leaks from gas cylinders, pipe work and process equipment
- Medical Testing of membrane materials and sealing of glove boxes
- Pneumatic Valve seal testing

The 8068 is calibrated against a 5 E⁻⁴ cc/s Helium leak to allow volumetric readings and also a 5000ppm Helium to allow measurement of concentrations.

Selectable Units:

cc/sec	Cubic Centimeters per Second offers a reading that indicates the volume of gas escaping into atmosphere from a single point. ie. leakage from a hole in a gas filled vessel or pipe.
ppm	Parts Per Million is a concentration reading, the 8068 will display the concentration being detected however it is more difficult to gauge the quantity of leakage.
mg/m³	Milligrams per meter cubed is also a unit that measures concentration. (See ppm above)
g/yr	Grams per Year is an alternative measure of leak rate.
%Vol	This is a measure of the percentage of the target gas in the environment.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- The 8068 is NOT intrinsically safe, so it should not be using in a potentially explosive environment. Intrinsically safe instruments are available. Please contact MATHESON for more information.
- Ambient air pressure, heat and humidity can also affect readings.
- The 8068 range is NOT 'Gas Specific' i.e. It can NOT differentiate between gases.

Packing List

Please remove all packing material and then check the content of the carry case against the list below before use. Should the instrument or any accessory appear damaged or missing then contact the instrument supplier for advice before use.

Model 8068:

- 8068 Instrument
- Box Spanner
- USB Cable
- USB Mains Adaptor
- Warranty Registration Card
- Quick Start Guide

Thermal Conductivity

All gases conduct heat but by varying amounts, if an object is heated and then the source of heat is removed, the object will eventually cool down to match ambient air temperature. This action occurs because the ambient air surrounding the object carries the excess heat into the surrounding atmosphere.

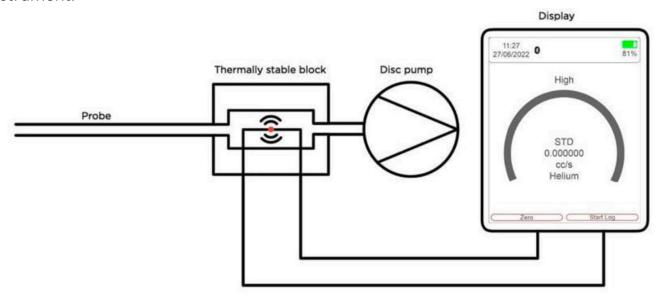
This principal is also the same for objects that are cooler than the surrounding ambient air. Dissipation of heat into an air atmosphere is known and is a predictable rate, however, if the ambient air is replaced with an alternative gas like Helium the rate at which an object cools down changes.

If the object mentioned above had its environment replaced with pure Helium it would cool down to the environment temperature about 6 times faster.

The 8068 contains a heated thermistor bead that transmits heat into the sensing chamber. On the other side of the sensing chamber there is a block of material that remains at a constant temperature helping to stabilize the signal. As air passes through the detector chamber a constant amount of heat passes from the bead to the air. Gases that are different to air will affect the rate at which heat transmits, these rates of change are measured and displayed as leak rates.

The 8068 Thermal Conductivity Sensor

A piezo pump draws a small flow of gas through the probe and into the sensing chamber. The thermistor bead heats up when electrical power is applied. As air passes through the chamber a constant level of heat is transmitted to the air, this rate of heat transmission is used to 'Zero' the instrument.



When gases with different thermal qualities pass through the chamber, the amount of heat being transmitted changes. These changes are measured and used to calculate a display reading on 8068 for leak rates or gas concentrations.

Some gases have similar thermal properties to that of air; therefore, the 8068 can only detect larger concentrations of these gases.

The 8068 can NOT differentiate between gases, selecting a specific gas on the 8068 allows the instrument to calculate concentrations of that gas only if that gas is being detected.

Charging Your 8068 Instrument

To charge your 8068 instrument, use a USB A to Type C Charger Cable and connect it to the back of the 8068 device.

The 8068 instrument will indicate it's charging by showing the following symbol at the top right of the home screen.



The Keypad

The following section explains the general functionality of each key:

'A'

Press 'A' to zero the 8068 readings. This will remove any background readings and return the display back to near zero.

LEFT

Use to scroll left on the LCD display.

DOWN

Use to scroll down on the LCD display and change sensitivity.

ON/OFF

Press and hold this key for 5 seconds to switch the instrument 'ON'. To switch the instrument off, press and hold this key.

This procedure has been designed to avoid accidental switch OFF.



'B'

Press 'B' to start datalogging. Press a second time and the datalogging will finish.

UP

Use to scroll up on the LCD display and change sensitivity.

SELECT/MENU

Use this to accept an option and enter the Main Menu.

RIGHT

Use to scroll right on the LCD display.

Instrument Main Screen

Once the instrument has run through its 'Start up' routine it will display its normal 'Instrument Main Screen' used when locating gas leaks. Before using the instrument, the various settings should be set and adjusted to suit the application.



Using the 8068

WARNING: Before switching the 8068 on, ensure the ambient air is clean as the instrument automatically Zero's the sensor at switch on. After the instrument has run through its start-up routine, adjust the instrument settings to the desired levels. Check the instruments sensitivity using a calibration kit.

Switch the 8068 on by pressing and holding the ON/OFF key, after the instrument has completed its Zero routine it will enter the main screen.

Gas leaks tend to occur at pneumatic joints or welded seams, hold the 8068 at a 45° angle to the object being tested and drag the probe along the seam or joint at a rate of approximately 25mm per second.

When a leak is detected the bar graph will start to fill and the frequency of the audio output will increase; this will decrease as the probe moves away from the leak. Return the probe to the suspected leaking area and move slowly along the same area until the leak is located. Once the leak has been located, the probe should be held at the leak until the numeric reading stabilizes.

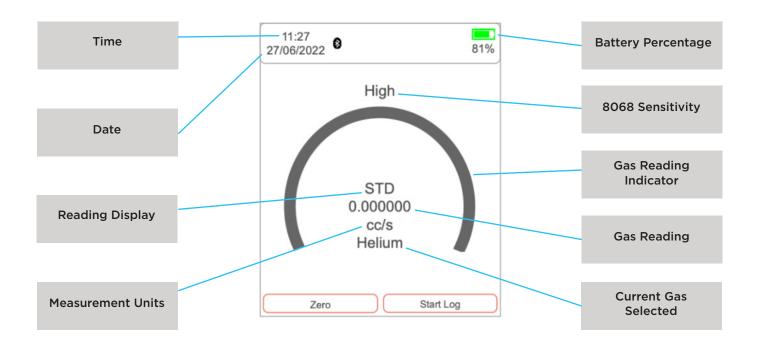
The live reading bar offers a graphical indication only and should not be used to measure a leak; you may find that the graph completely fills however the numeric reading will continue to increase.

Variation in temperature, humidity and background gas may result in a constant level being detected on the instrument. To reset to Zero, hold the instrument away from the source of leak or contamination and then press the ZERO key. The instruments display will return to a near zero reading. It is especially important to move away from any toxic substances when Zeroing the 8068 to avoid any false negatives which could lead to harm.

The following things will affect the instruments reading:

- Breath of the instrument user contains both CO₂ and moisture.
- Barometric air pressure and background temperature.
- Sources of cold and heat.

The 8068 displays the 'Instrument Main Screen' whenever the instrument is being used to detect gas, the illustration below outlines the various information and icons on the sheet.



Sensitivity

The 8068 has three (3) sensitivity levels, high, medium, and low. You can adjust the sensitivity by using the 'UP' and 'DOWN' arrow while on the instrument main screen. When the instrument is set to low, it will increase in steps of 1000+. When set to medium, it will increase in steps of 100. When set to high, it will increase in steps of 10 (when set to measurement unit: ppm).

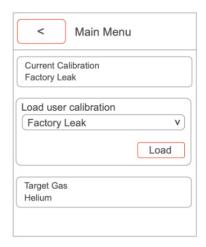
Reading Display

This is selected in the System Settings. It can be one of three possibilities. Standard readings display will not register any readings below zero. Absolute, will measure both positive and negative number but display all of them as a positive reading. Negative, will measure and display all negative and positive readings.

Measurement Units

You can find the measurement unit below the gas reading on the main screen. To change the measurement unit, go to the main settings page. Scroll down to 'Measurement Units' and select your required measurement unit. Measurement units only appear when you have the corresponding calibration loaded.

To access the main menu, click the 'MENU/SELECT' button while on the main screen.



Current Calibration: The current calibration button provides you with information on when the instrument was last calibrated, what gas was used, what the concentration was and what the mV response was.



Load User Calibration: This option allows you to change between calibrations stored on the instrument. Once you have selected your required calibration, ensure you press load to update the current calibration.

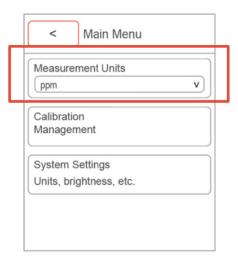


Main Menu (Continued)

The Target Gas: This is where you can choose the desired gas you are looking to detect. This will take you to a page with a drop down for the first letter of the target gas and the name of the target gas.



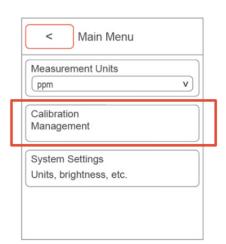
The Measurement Unit: This is where you choose your desired measurement unit. The units available depend on the selected calibration. If the Leak Calibration is selected the units available will be for leak rate. If the Concentration Calibration is selected the units available will be for concentration.



Calibration Management

To access the Calibration Management on your 8068 instrument, click the 'MENU/SELECT' button while on the main screen to access the Main menu.

Once you are in the Main menu, use the 'DOWN' button and click on 'Calibration Management' by pressing the 'MENU/SELECT' button.



Within Calibration Management, you can access the following:

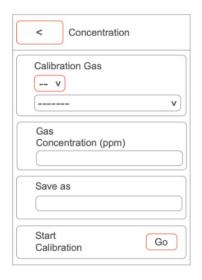
Pump calibration: This option will run the pump calibration. The temperature and pressure will be measured and used to set the pump to the correct flow rate.

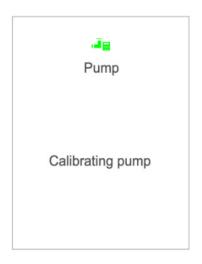
New calibration: This option will firstly provide you with two options, concentration calibration (ppm) and leak calibration. Please find 'Concentration calibration (ppm)' and 'Leak calibration' process below:

Concentration calibration (ppm): Select your chosen gas. To select your chosen gas, select the first letter of the gas you are looking to detect. Then press 'DOWN' to the next option and search for the calibration gas. Once you have found the calibration, press the 'MENU/SELECT' button.

After you have confirmed the calibration gas, you will need to type in the gas concentration. Press 'save as' and name the calibration. Then press 'DOWN' and select 'go' to start calibration.

The instrument will then start the 'Pump calibration'.

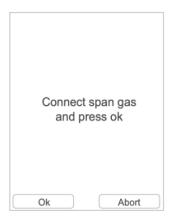




Calibration Management (Continued)

Once the pump calibration has finished, it will ask you to connect span gas. Connect the instrument to your span gas and press ok. You have the option to abort at this time if needed.

Once the instrument has stabilized, the calibration will finish. To confirm calibration, press ok, again, you can abort at this stage if required. The calibration will then save to the instrument. This calibration will automatically be added to the user load list.









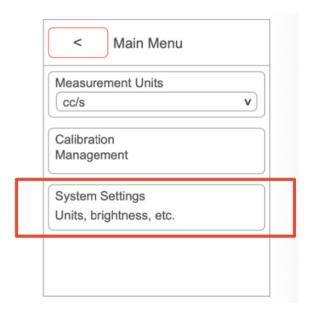
Leak Calibration: The calibration process for leak calibration is very similar to the calibration process for concentration calibration (ppm). The leak calibration will ask you to input the calibration gas and the name you would like to save the calibration as. The difference is that the leak calibration will ask you to input the leak rate (cc/s) of the calibration gas. Once the pump calibration is complete you will supply the probe with the known leak rate (cc/s) of the calibration gas.

Expired Calibration: Once a user's calibration has expired, it will appear in the Expired calibrations drop down. The expired calibrations can be selected. Once selected the calibration can be recreated by clicking 'Recalibrate'.

Pending Calibration: Within calibration management you have 'pending calibration', this allows you to send calibration details straight to the instrument.

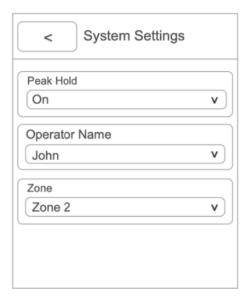
Deleted Calibration: Delete calibration allows you to delete any custom calibrations that have been saved onto the instrument.

To access system settings, press the 'MENU/SELECT' button while on the instrument main screen. The use the 'DOWN' arrow until you reach 'System Settings'.



Within the system settings, you can view/adjust the following:

Peak Hold: When the peak hold is turned on the highest peak detected will be held on the main screen.



Data Format (Decimals or Exponents): This is where you choose the instruments display reading format, either decimals or exponents.

Readings Display: This is selected in the System Settings. It can be one of three possibilities. Standard readings display will not register any readings below zero. Absolute, will measure both positive and negative number but display all of them as a positive reading. Negative, will measure and display all negative and positive readings.

Sounder Volume: Allows you to adjust the alarm volume of the instrument (0-100).

System Settings

Data format
Decimal v

Reading display
Standard v

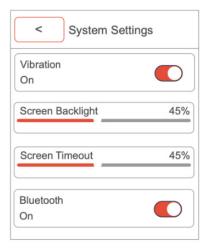
Sounder Volume 45%

Vibrations: This allows you to turn vibration on and off.

Screen Backlight: Allows you to adjust screen brightness level (10%-100%).

Screen Timeout: Allows you to set how long the instrument display is turned on. (Off, 1-10 minutes)

System Information: Provides you with: model, serial number, firmware, memory, battery remaining and bootloader.

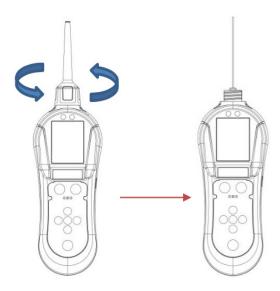




Probe Options

In some applications, the probe cover might restrict access to the area that requires testing. You can remove the probe cover by twisting it off from the instrument body (anti-clockwise). Once the probe cover is removed, take care when using the instrument as the instrument probe is delicate.

Removing the probe cover can help with pinpointing a leak more accurately by using the probe sleeve.



Probe Options (Continued)

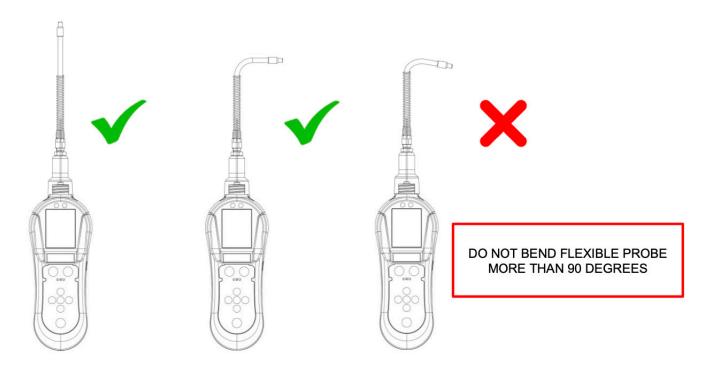
To refit the short or the long probe follow the steps above but in reverse order.

When using the box spanner to tighten the probe nut, ensure the nut is firmly tightened however do not use additional tools as the tread may become damaged.

Should a probe become blocked, use dry, clean compressed air to blow out the blockage from the instrument end of the probe. Ensure probe has been removed first.

The instrument has been factory calibrated using the standard short capillary which sets a certain flow rate into the detector.

Do not bend the flexible probe more than 90 degrees as this pushes the internal tube outside the protective sleeve.



The long capillary by nature of its construction has a different flow to improve the time response in detection. This will change the calibration of the instrument when the long probe is used instead of the short capillary. Thus, the long probe is only to be used in finding leaks in difficult places where the standard short probe cannot reach. The readings given by the long probe are only qualitative and the reading given by the display is only to be taken as being relative to another value given by another leak site while using the long probe.

Detecting Leaks

Hold the 8068 in one hand and draw the instrument probe along the area that requires testing at approximately 25mm per second. When a leak is detected, retrace the route at a slower rate until the leak is located. Once the leak is located, hold the instrument over the leak until the measurement stabilizes. If you would like to log this reading you can click the B button to Start Log. This will start a data logging session. To turn off the log when you are finished use the B button again to Stop Log. The readings will then be saved to your 8068 instrument. You can adjust the measurement sensitivity by using the 'UP' and 'DOWN' button. When detecting very small leaks or detecting less sensitive gases, a rate of 10mm per second might be required.



The probe cover can be removed to allow better access to restricted areas, if the probe cover is removed the following points should be noted:

- The probe sleeve needs to be added to the probe this ensures a 1mm gap is maintained between the probe and the surface being tested.
- Avoid bending the inner probe as this will affect the instrument's accuracy.
- Avoid placing the probe in liquid or dirt as the probe can become blocked.
- Care should also be taken to ensure the brass sensor housing component remains at a constant temperature. Avoid touching the brass sensor block with fingers.
- The 8068 can detect changes in Humidity and Carbon dioxide, therefore avoid breathing on the probe.

Instrument Specifications

Detector Micro thermal conductivity detector (MTCD)

Battery Type Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

Battery Life 20 hours

Audible Alarm ≥ 90 dBa at 10 cm

Factory Calibration At 50 % relative humidity (room temperature):

5000 ppm Helium (± 5%)

Leak: 0.0005 cc/sec (± 5%)

Data Logging 10 days continuous

Sensitivity Helium: 5×10^{-6}

Hydrogen: 3.8 x10⁻⁶

Response (T90) 1 second

Flow Rate 2 cc/s

Ingress Protection IP44

Temperature Operating: 32°F to 122°F

Humidity 0 – 99% R.H

Weight & Dimensions 1 lbs (approx.)

W 12.6 x H 3.2 x D 2.2" (approx.)

Instrument Warranty and Service

Warranty

Standard Warranty is one year from date of purchase.

Service

At MATHESON we recommend that all of our gas detection instruments be returned for service and factory calibration once every 12 months.

Contact MATHESON or your local distributor for service options in your area.



166 Keystone Drive Montgomeryville, PA 18936 800-828-4313 www.mathesongas.com INT-0368 rev A

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